WARNING
This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

NOTICE
A thermostat is not included and must be ordered separately.
- A Lennox iComfort® thermostat must be used in communicating applications.
- In non-communicating applications, the Lennox ComfortSense® thermostat may be used, as well as other non-communicating thermostats.

In all cases, setup is critical to ensure proper system operation.
Field wiring for both communicating and non-communicating applications is illustrated in diagrams, which begin on page 13.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR INSTALLER
CHECK FOR AND REMOVE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS BEFORE OPERATING UNIT.

A BLOWER HOUSING SUPPORT PAD.  B HORIZONTAL DRAIN PAN (SEE UPFLOW APPLICATIONS ON PAGE 5 AND DOWNFLOW APPLICATIONS ON PAGE 8).

FOR PROPER OPERATION THE ELECTRIC HEAT (IF APPLICABLE) MUST BE CONFIGURED (SET-UP) THROUGH THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL (AHC).

IMPORTANT: PRIOR TO RUNNING THE iComfort WiFi® OR iComfort® S30 INSTALLER SETUP, ELECTRIC HEAT MUST BE MANUALLY CONFIGURED.

CONFIGURE ELECTRIC HEAT
ELECTRIC HEAT SECTIONS MUST BE CONFIGURED. IF INSTALLED, SEE PROCEDURE IN FIGURE 23 ON PAGE 32.

ECB40
**Upflow and Downflow Unit Dimensions — Inches (mm)**

- **SUPPLY AIR OPENING**
- **LINE VOLTAGE INLETS (TOP AND LEFT SIDE)**
- **LOW VOLTAGE INLETS (TOP AND RIGHT SIDE)**

**Top View**

- **A**
  - 45-1/4 (1149)
- **B**
  - 16-1/4 (413)
- **C**
  - 20-5/8 (524)
- **D**
  - 14-3/4 (375)
- **E**
  - 19 (483)
- **F**
  - 15 (381)
- **G**
  - 24-5/8 (625)
- **H**
  - 20-5/8 (524)

**Front View**

- **A**
  - 49-1/4 (1251)
- **B**
  - 21-1/4 (540)
- **C**
  - 22-5/8 (575)
- **D**
  - 19-3/4 (502)
- **E**
  - 21 (533)
- **F**
  - 20 (508)
- **G**
  - 26-3/8 (670)
- **H**
  - 24-5/8 (625)

**Model Dimensions (Upflow, Downflow, Left- and Right-Hand Horizontal applications)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dim.</th>
<th>-018/024</th>
<th>-024/030</th>
<th>-036</th>
<th>-048 and -060</th>
<th>-068</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>45-1/4 (1149)</td>
<td>49-1/4 (1251)</td>
<td>51 (1295)</td>
<td>58-1/2 (1486)</td>
<td>65 (1651)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>19 (483)</td>
<td>19 (483)</td>
<td>21 (533)</td>
<td>23 (584)</td>
<td>25 (635)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>15 (381)</td>
<td>20 (508)</td>
<td>20 (508)</td>
<td>20 (508)</td>
<td>20 (508)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RETURN AIR**

**SUPPLY AIR OPENING**

**RETURN AIR FILTER**

**SUPPLY AIR OPENING**

**RETURN AIR**

**SUPPLY AIR FILTER ACCESS**

**SUPPLY AIR**

**RETURN AIR FILTER ACCESS**

**SUPPLY AIR**
Horizontal Left- and Right-Hand Unit Dimensions — Inches (mm)

Horizontal Position (Right-Hand Air Discharge)

For dimensions "A" through "H", see chart on page 2.

Horizontal Position (Left-Hand Air Discharge)
### Model Number Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit Type</th>
<th>CB = Air Handler</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refrigerant Type</td>
<td>X = HFC-410A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series</td>
<td>Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MV = Multi-Position, Variable speed blower motor</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Cooling Capacity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>018/024 = 1.5 to 2 tons (5.3 to 7 kW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>024/030 = 2 to 2.5 tons (7 to 8.8 kW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>036 = 3 tons (10.6 kW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>048 = 4 tons (14.1 kW)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>060 = 5 tons (17.6 kW)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minor Revision Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Refrigerant Metering Device</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 = Fixed Orifice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 = TXV - Bleed port (indoor unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 = TXV - Non-bleed port (indoor unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 = TXV - Non-bleed port (outdoor unit)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 = TXV - R410A Non-bleed port (indoor unit)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voltage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>230 = 208/230V-60hz-1ph</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Shipping and Packing List

Check unit for shipping damage. Consult last carrier immediately if damage is found.

Package 1 of 1 contains the following:
1. Assembled air handler unit
2. Downflow shields and foam tapes (only required for downflow configuration)
3. Drip shield (for -068 only)
4. Pipe nipple (Sch 80, 3/4” I.D. x 5”)
5. Warranty card

### General

This indoor unit is designed for installation with optional field-installed electric heat and a matched outdoor unit that is charged with HFC-410A refrigerant. These units, designed for indoor installation in multiple positions, are completely assembled for upflow and horizontal right-hand discharge before being shipped from the factory.

All CBX32MV air handlers are equipped with a factory-installed, internally mounted check / expansion valve, which is suitable for use in HFC-410A applications.

This air handler is compatible with the ComfortSense® non-communicating thermostat and non-communicating outdoor units. In addition, this unit has the enhanced capability of communicating with the iComfort® thermostats and iComfort®-enabled outdoor units using the Lennox RSBus protocols.

**NOTE** - For downflow or horizontal left-hand air discharge, certain field modifications are required.

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local or national codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation. Check equipment for shipping damage; if found, immediately report damage to the last carrier.

### Installation Clearances

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CLEARANCES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cabinet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To Plenum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To Outlet Duct within 3 feet (914 mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service / Maintenance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Units installed on combustible floors in the down-flow position with electric heat require optional down-flow additive base.
2. Front service access - 24 inches (610mm) minimum.

**NOTE** - If cabinet depth is more than 24 inches (610 mm), allow a minimum of the cabinet depth plus 2 inches (51 mm).

### IMPORTANT

The Clean Air Act of 1990 bans the intentional venting of refrigerant (CFCs, HCFCs and HFCs) as of July 1, 1992. Approved methods of recovery, recycling or reclaiming must be followed. Fines and/or incarceration may be levied for noncompliance.

### WARNING

During blower operation, the ECM motor emits energy that may interfere with pacemaker operation. Interference is reduced by both the sheet metal cabinet and distance.

### CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.
WARNING
Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause personal injury, loss of life, or damage to property.
Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent) or a service agency.

WARNING
Improper installation of the air handler can result in personal injury or death.
Do not allow external combustion products or other contaminants to enter the return air system or to be mixed with air that will be supplied to the living space. Use sheet metal screws and joint tape or duct mastic to seal return air system to air handler. In platform installations, the air handler should be sealed airtight to the return air plenum. A door must never be used as a portion of the return air duct system. The base must provide a stable support and an airtight seal to the air handler. Allow absolutely no sagging, cracks, gaps, etc.
For no reason should return and supply air duct systems ever be connected to or from other heating devices such as a fireplace or stove, etc. Fire, explosion, carbon monoxide poisoning, personal injury and/or property damage could result.

Requirements
In addition to conforming to manufacturer’s installation instructions and local municipal building codes, installation of Lennox air handler units (with or without optional electric heat), MUST conform with the following National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) standards:
• NFPA No. 90A — Standard for Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems
• NFPA No. 90B — Standard for Installation of Residence Type Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems

This unit is approved for installation clearance to combustible material as stated on the unit rating plate. Accessibility and service clearances must take precedence over combustible material clearances.

Installing the Unit
CBX32MV units are factory-configured for upflow and horizontal right-hand discharge installation. For downflow or horizontal left-hand discharge, certain field modifications are required.

DISASSEMBLE AND REASSEMBLE AIR HANDLER UNIT
This unit consists of two sections which are shipped assembled from the factory. If necessary, the unit may be disassembled to facilitate setting the unit. Follow the steps below:

To disassemble:
1. Remove access panels.
2. Remove both blower and coil assemblies. This will lighten the cabinet for lifting.
3. Remove one screw from the left and right posts inside the unit. Remove one screw from each side on the back of the unit. Unit sections will now separate.

To reassemble:
1. Align cabinet sections together.
2. Reinstall screws.
3. Replace blower and coil assemblies.
4. Replace access panel.

UPFLOW APPLICATION
Use the following procedures to configure the unit for upflow operations:

NOTE - (-068 model Only) Remove access panels and the horizontal drip shield along with the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly before operation. Discard drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. Shields are used for downflow applications only.

1. The horizontal drain pan must be removed when the coil blower is installed in the upflow position. Removing horizontal drain pain will allow proper air flow and increase efficiency.
2. After removing horizontal drain pan, place the unit in desired location. Set unit so that it is level. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws as illustrated in figure 1.
3. Install units that have no return air plenum on a stand that is at least 14” from the floor to allow for proper air return. Lennox offers an optional upflow unit stand as listed in table 1.

Table 1. Optional Unit Side Stand (Upflow Only)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Kit Numbers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-018/024</td>
<td>45K31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-024/030, -036, -048 and -060</td>
<td>45K32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 1. Upflow Configuration
HORIZONTAL RIGHT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION

NOTE - When air handler is located above a finished space, the secondary drain pan must have a larger footprint than the air handler. In addition, a 3/4" (19.1MM) overflow drain line must be:

- Connected to secondary drain pan
- Connected to the overflow drain outlet of the air handler drain pan.

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for horizontal right-hand discharge operations:

NOTE - For horizontal applications, a secondary drain pan is recommended. Refer to local codes.

NOTE — (-068 Model Only) Before operating the unit, remove access panels and the horizontal drip shield and the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly. Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit.

NOTE — (-068 Model Only) Install the horizontal shield on the front edge of the horizontal drain pan as illustrated in figure 2.

1. No further adjustment is necessary. Set unit so that it is sloped 1/4 inch (6.35mm) towards the drain pan end of the unit.

2. If the unit is suspended, the entire length of the cabinet must be supported. If you use a chain or strap, use a piece of angle iron or sheet metal attached to the unit (either above or below) to support the length of the cabinet. Use securing screws no longer than 1/2 inch (12.7mm) to avoid damaging the coil or filter as illustrated in figure 3. Use sheet metal screws to connect the return and supply air plenums as required.

Figure 2. Right-Hand Discharge Configuration

Figure 3. Suspending Horizontal Unit

HORIZONTAL LEFT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for horizontal left-hand discharge operations:

NOTE — For horizontal applications, a secondary drain pan is recommended. Refer to local codes.

NOTE — (-068 Model Only) Remove access panels and horizontal drip shield from the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly. Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. (The shields are used for downflow applications only.)

HORIZONTAL RIGHT-HAND DISCHARGE APPLICATION IN HIGH HUMIDITY AREAS

For horizontal applications in high humidity areas remove the downflow rail closest to the drain pan.

To remove rail:

1. Remove the screws from the rail at the back of unit and at the cabinet support rail.
2. Remove the downflow rail then replace screws.
3. Seal around the exiting drain pipe, liquid line, and suction line to prevent humid air from infiltrating into the unit.

IMPORTANT

When removing the coil, there is possible danger of equipment damage and personal injury. Be careful when removing the coil assembly from a unit installed in right- or left-hand applications. The coil may tip into the drain pan once it is clear of the cabinet. Support the coil when removing it.
Figure 4. Field Modification for Left-Hand Discharge

1. Pull the coil assembly from unit. Pull off the horizontal drain pan.

2. Remove the drain plugs from back drain holes on horizontal drain pan and reinstall them on front holes.

3. Rotate drain pan 180° front-to-back and install it on the opposite side of the coil.

4. Remove screws from top cap as illustrated in figure 4, detail A.

5. Remove horizontal drip shield screw located in the left center of the back coil end seal as illustrated in figure 4, detail A.

6. Rotate horizontal drip shield 180° front to back.

7. Remove plastic plug from hole located on the left center of front coil end seal and reinstall plug in back hole on rear coil end seal.

8. Reinstall horizontal drip shield screw in front coil end seal. Drip shield should drain downward into horizontal drain pan inside coil.

9. Rotate top cap 180° front-to-back and align with unused screw holes. Holes must align with front and back coil end plates. The top cap has a 45° bend on one side and a 90° bend on the other. The 90° bend must be on the same side as the horizontal drain pan as illustrated in figure 4, detail B.

   **NOTE** — Be very careful when you reinstall the screws into coil end plate engaging holes. Misaligned screws may damage the coil.

10. From the upload position, flip cabinet 90° to the left and set into place. Replace coil assembly. Replace coil assembly. Install drain pan between exterior inner wall and tab as illustrated in figure 4, detail C.

11. **(-068 Model Only)** Install the horizontal shield on the front edge of the horizontal drain pan as shown in figure 5.
NOTE — For horizontal applications in high humidity areas, remove the downflow rail closest to the drain pan. To remove rail, remove screw from rail at back of unit and at cabinet support rail. Remove downflow rail then replace screws. Also, seal around the exiting drain pipe, liquid and suction lines to prevent infiltration of humid air.

12. Knock out drain seal plate from access door. Secure plate to cabinet front flange with screw provided.

13. Flip access door and replace it on the unit.

14. Set unit so that it is sloped 1/4 inch (6.35mm) toward the drain pan end of the unit. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws.

15. If suspending the unit, it must be supported along the entire length of the cabinet. If using chain or strap, use a piece of angle iron or sheet metal attached to the unit (either above or below) so that the full length of the cabinet is supported. Use securing screws no longer than 1/2 inch (12.7mm) to avoid damage to coil or filter as illustrated in figure 3 on page 6. Connect return and supply air plenums as required using sheet metal screws.

**DOWNFLOW APPLICATION**

Use the following procedures to configure the unit for downflow operations:

---

**CAUTION**

If electric heat section with circuit breakers (ECB29/ECB31) is applied to downflow CBX32MV unit, the circuit breakers must be rotated 180° to the UP position. See ECB29/ECB31 installation instructions for more details.

Table 2 outlines the sizes of the various drip shields.

**NOTE — (-068 Model Only)** Remove access panels and horizontal drip shield from the corrugated padding between the blower and coil assembly.

**NOTE — Discard the corrugated padding and the downflow drip shields from the foam pads on top of the unit. (The shields are used for downflow applications only.)**

1. Remove the coil assembly from the unit.

2. For best efficiency and air flow, remove the horizontal drain pan from the units in downflow positions as illustrated in figure 6 on page 8.

3. Rotate cabinet 180° from the upright position. See figure 6. You may need to first remove the blower assembly to lighten the cabinet for lifting.

4. Foam tape that is provided creates a seal between the drip shield and the coil so that water does not leak into the air stream. The foam tape pieces are precut. Apply the tape to the drip shields as illustrated in figure 7 and specified as follows:
   - Apply the longer piece of 1-inch wide foam tape between the end pieces of tape.

5. From the underside of the coil, install the downflow drip shield firmly in place as illustrated in figure 8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Width</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-018/024</td>
<td>Not Required</td>
<td>Not Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-024/030</td>
<td>15-7/8&quot;</td>
<td>4-11/16&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-036</td>
<td>17-7/8&quot;</td>
<td>4-11/16&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-048, -060, and -068</td>
<td>19-7/8&quot;</td>
<td>4-11/16&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

6. Replace the coil assembly and blower if you have removed it. Replace the coil access panel.
7. Set the unit so that it is level. Using sheet metal screws, connect the return and supply air plenums as required.

**NOTE** - For downflow application, metal or class I supply and return air plenums must be used.

![Figure 9. Downflow Combustible Flooring Base](image)

**Figure 9. Downflow Combustible Flooring Base**

8. For downflow installation on combustible flooring, an additive base must be used as illustrated in figure 9 on page 9. See CBX32MV Engineering Handbook for downflow combustible flooring base kits available for this air handler.

9. Cut an opening appropriately sized for combustible base. Base dimensions are illustrated in figure 10. After opening has been cut, set the additive base into opening. Connect outlet air plenum to the additive base. Set the unit on the additive base so flanges of the unit drop into the base opening and seal against the insulation strips. The unit is now locked in place. Install return air plenum and secure with sheet metal screws.

![Figure 10. Downflow Combustible Base Dimensions](image)

**Figure 10. Downflow Combustible Base Dimensions**

---

**Brazing Connections**

---

**WARNING**

Polyol ester (POE) oils used with HFC-410A refrigerant absorb moisture very quickly. It is very important that the refrigerant system be kept closed as much as possible. DO NOT remove line set caps or service valve stub caps until you are ready to make connections.

**WARNING**

Danger of fire. Bleeding the refrigerant charge from only the high side may result in the low side shell and suction tubing being pressurized. Application of a brazing torch while pressurized may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture - check the high and low pressures before unbrazing.

**WARNING**

When using a high pressure gas such as dry nitrogen to pressurize a refrigeration or air conditioning system, use a regulator that can control the pressure down to 1 or 2 psig (6.9 to 13.8 kPa).

**CAUTION**

Brazing alloys and flux contain materials which are hazardous to your health. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes from brazing operations. Perform operations only in well ventilated areas. Wear gloves and protective goggles or face shield to protect against burns. Wash hands with soap and water after handling brazing alloys and flux.

**IMPORTANT**

To prevent the build up of high levels of nitrogen when purging, be sure it is done in a well ventilated area. Purge low pressure nitrogen (1 to 2 psig) through the refrigerant piping during brazing. This will help to prevent oxidation and the introduction of moisture into a system.
A. REMOVE ACCESS PANEL

B. REMOVE RUBBER PLUG FROM BOTH LIQUID AND SUCTION LINES
   NOTE — CBX32MV SERIES UNITS USE NITROGEN OR DRY AIR AS A HOLDING CHARGE. IF THERE IS NO PRESSURE WHEN THE RUBBER PLUGS ARE REMOVED, CHECK THE COIL FOR LEAKS BEFORE INSTALLING.

C. USE A WET RAG TO PROTECT CTXV SENSING BULB WHEN BRAZING SUCTION LINE CONNECTIONS.

D. EITHER REMOVE OR PUSH PIPE WRAPPING BACK THROUGH HOLE IN PIPING PLATE BEFORE LINE SET CONNECTION AND BRAZING.

E. CONNECT PIPES
   NOTE — REFRIGERANT LINE SETS SHOULD BE ROUTED TO ALLOW FILTER ACCESSIBILITY.

F. CONNECT GAUGES AND START NITROGEN FLOW
   FLOW REGULATED NITROGEN (AT 1 TO 2 PSIG) THROUGH THE REFRIGERATION GAUGE SET INTO THE VALVE STEM PORT CONNECTION ON THE OUTDOOR UNIT LIQUID LINE SERVICE VALVE AND OUT OF THE VALVE STEM PORT CONNECTION ON THE SUCTION SERVICE VALVE.

G. PLACE A WET RAG AGAINST PIPING PLATE AND AROUND THE SUCTION LINE CONNECTION. A

H. BRAZE CONNECTION. ALLOW PIPE TO COOL BEFORE REMOVING WET RAG FROM CTXV SENSING BULB AND PIPING PANEL AREA.

I. REPEAT PREVIOUS PROCEDURE FOR LIQUID LINE.

NOTE — REFER TO OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR REFRIGERANT PIPING SIZE REQUIREMENTS.

NOTE - Use silver alloy brazing rods with five or six percent minimum silver alloy for copper-to-copper brazing, 45 percent alloy for copper-to-brass and copper-to-steel brazing.

NOTE — CBX32MV SERIES UNITS USE NITROGEN OR DRY AIR AS A HOLDING CHARGE. IF THERE IS NO PRESSURE WHEN THE RUBBER PLUGS ARE REMOVED, CHECK THE COIL FOR LEAKS BEFORE INSTALLING.

NOTE — REFRIGERANT LINE SETS SHOULD BE ROUTED TO ALLOW FILTER ACCESSIBILITY.

NOTE — REFER TO INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED WITH OUTDOOR UNIT FOR LEAK TESTING, EVACUATING AND CHARGING PROCEDURES

Figure 11. Brazing Connections
Table 3. CBX32MV Refrigerant Connections and Line Set Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>Liquid Line</th>
<th>Vapor / Suction Line</th>
<th>L15 Line Set</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-018/024</td>
<td>3/8&quot; (10mm)</td>
<td>5/8&quot; (16mm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-024/030 and -036</td>
<td>3/8&quot; (10mm)</td>
<td>3/4&quot; (19mm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-048</td>
<td>3/8&quot; (10mm)</td>
<td>7/8&quot; (22mm)</td>
<td>L15 line set sizes are dependent on unit matchups. See CBX32MV Engineering Handbook to determine correct line set sizes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-060</td>
<td>3/8&quot; (10mm)</td>
<td>7/8&quot; (22mm)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-068</td>
<td>3/8&quot; (10mm)</td>
<td>1-1/8&quot; (29mm)</td>
<td>Field-fabricated</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE — Some applications may require a field provided 7/8" to 1-1/8" adapter

NOTE — When installing refrigerant lines longer than 50 feet, see the Lennox Refrigerant Piping Design and Fabrication Guidelines, CORP. 9351-L9, or contact Lennox Technical Support Product Applications for assistance. To obtain the correct information from Lennox, be sure to communicate the following information:

Installing the Condensate Drain

IMPORTANT

After removal of drain pan plug(s), check drain hole(s) to verify that drain opening is fully open and free of any debris. Also check to make sure that no debris has fallen into the drain pan during installation that may plug up the drain opening.

MAIN DRAIN

Connect the main drain and route downward to drain line or sump. Do not connect drain to a closed waste system. See Figure 13 for typical drain trap configuration.

OVERFLOW DRAIN

It is recommended that the overflow drain is connected to a overflow drain line for all units. If overflow drain is not connected, it must be plugged with provided cap.

For downflow orientation, the overflow drain MUST be connected and routed to a overflow drain line. See Figure 13 for main and overflow drain locations based on coil orientation.

Figure 12. Main and Overflow Drain Locations based on Coil Orientation

BEST PRACTICES

The following best practices are recommended to ensure better condensate removal:

- Main and overflow drain lines should NOT be smaller than both drain connections at drain pan.
- Overflow drain line should run to an area where homeowner will notice drainage.
- It is recommended that the overflow drain line be vented and a trap installed. Refer to local codes.
**Inspecting and Replacing Filters**

**IMPORTANT**

Filter access door must be in place during unit operation. Excessive warm air entering the unit from unconditioned space may result in water blow-off problems.

Filters may be duct-mounted or installed in the cabinet. A filter is installed at the factory. Note that filter access door fits over access panel. Air will leak if the access panel is placed over the filter door.

Filters should be inspected monthly and must be cleaned or replaced when dirty to assure proper furnace operation.

**To replace filter:**

1. Loosen the thumbscrews holding the filter panel in place.
2. Slide the filter out of the guides on either side of cabinet.
3. Insert new filter.
4. Replace panel.

**Table 4. Filter Dimensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit Model No.</th>
<th>Filter Size Inches (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-018/024</td>
<td>15 x 20 x 1 (381 x 508 x 25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-024/030</td>
<td>20 x 20 x 1 (508 x 508 x 25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-036 and -042</td>
<td>20 x 20 x 1 (508 x 508 x 25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-048 and -060</td>
<td>20 x 24 x 1 (508 x 610 x 25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-068</td>
<td>20 x 25 x 1 (508 x 635 x 25)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sealing the Unit**

**WARNING**

There must be an airtight seal between the bottom of the air handler and the return air plenum. Use fiberglass sealing strips, caulking, or equivalent sealing method between the plenum and the air handler cabinet to ensure a tight seal. Return air must not be drawn from a room where this air handler or any gas-fueled appliance (i.e., water heater), or carbon monoxide-producing device (i.e., wood fireplace) is installed.
Seal the unit so that warm air is not allowed into the cabinet. Warm air introduces moisture, which results in water blow-off problems. This is especially important when the unit is installed in an unconditioned area.

Make sure the liquid line and suction line entry points are sealed with either the provided flexible elastomeric thermal insulation, or field provided material (e.g. Armaflex, Permagum or equivalent). Any of the previously mention materials may be used to seal around the main and auxiliary drains, and around open areas of electrical inlets.

**Field Control Wiring**

**WARNING**

Electric Shock Hazard.
Can cause injury or death.
Foil-faced insulation has conductive characteristics similar to metal. Be sure there are no electrical connections within a \( \frac{1}{2} \)” of the insulation. If the foil-faced insulation comes in contact with electrical voltage, the foil could provide a path for current to pass through to the outer metal cabinet. While the current produced may not be enough to trip existing electrical safety devices (e.g. fuses or circuit breakers), the current can be enough to cause an electric shock hazard that could cause personal injury or death.

Wiring must conform to the current National Electric Code ANSI/NFPA No. 70, or Canadian Electric Code Part I, CSA Standard C22.1, and local building codes. Refer to following wiring diagrams. See unit nameplate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum over-current protection size.

**CAUTION**

USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY.

**WIRING CONNECTIONS**

1. Install line voltage power supply to unit from a proper circuit breaker. Confirm line voltage. Check that correct transformer line tap is connected (208 or 240V).
2. Ground unit at unit disconnect switch or to an earth ground.

**NOTE** — Connect conduit to the unit using a proper conduit fitting. Units are approved for use only with copper conductors. A complete unit wiring diagram is located on the back side of the unit's access panel.
3. Install low voltage wiring from outdoor to indoor unit and from thermostat to indoor unit.

**NOTE** — For proper voltages, select control wiring gauge per the charts on page 18.
Figure 14. CBX32MV Air Handler Unit Typical Wiring Diagram
NOTE - Due to varying duct designs and air flow conditions, relocation of the discharge sensor may be required to insure accurate sensing.

**ELECTRIC HEAT RELAY**

**PART NO. 49W91**

- 22V DIRECT CURRENT COIL
- 0 | 1
- 4 | 8
- 2 | 6
- 30 AMP CONTACT RATING

**CBX32MV AIR HANDLER CONTROL**

**PART NO. 50W28**

**TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE CHART**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEMP (ºF)</th>
<th>RESISTANCE (OHMS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>34,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>26,106</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>19,904</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>15,313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>11,884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>9,298</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>7,332</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>5,826</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE** — EVENHEAT MODE CANNOT BE ENABLED WITH HARMONY III DUE TO EACH CONTROL REQUIRING ITS OWN DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR.

**DETAIL A**

THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL (AHC) HAS TWO SCREW TERMINALS MARKED DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR. THE SENSOR IS REQUIRED FOR EVENHEAT OPERATION, IS FIELD-MOUNTED AND MUST BE ORDERED SEPARATELY (CATALOG # 88K38).

**DETAIL B**

- 9-PIN CONNECTOR
- BLACK
- RED
- BLUE
- YELLOW
- RED
- BROWN
- BLACK

**NOTE** — EVENHEAT MODE CANNOT BE ENABLED WITH HARMONY III DUE TO EACH CONTROL REQUIRING ITS OWN DISCHARGE AIR SENSOR.

**Figure 15. Component Connections**
AIR HANDLER CONTROL COMES FROM FACTORY WITH A METAL JUMPERS BETWEEN W1 TO W2 AND W2 TO W3. SEE FIGURE 21 FOR HEAT SECTION CONFIGURATION.

CONNECTED ON UNIT WITH LSOM. RESISTOR KIT (CAT # 47W97) IS REQUIRED WHEN CONNECTING THE COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y0349) WITH THE LSOM 2. RESISTOR KIT NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y2081).

L CONNECTION WIRED ON UNITS WITH LSOM.

IMPORTANT — USE CARE WHEN CUTTING LINKS TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CONTROL. SEE FIGURE 20, CBX32MV JUMP AND LINK GUIDE FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK Y1-Y2 FOR TWO-STAGE AC.

DO NOT CUT ON-BOARD LINK R-O.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK R-DS WHEN DEHUMIDIFICATION TERMINAL IS USED.

AIR HANDLER CONTROL CONNECTED ON UNIT WITH LSOM. RESISTOR KIT (CAT # 47W97) IS REQUIRED WHEN CONNECTING THE COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y0349) WITH THE LSOM 2. RESISTOR KIT NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y2081).

X2658 OUTDOOR SENSOR IS REQUIRED FOR OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE DISPLAY, DEW POINT CONTROL, HEAT PUMP AND DUAL FUEL BALANCE POINTS.

CONNECTED ON UNIT WITH LSOM. RESISTOR KIT (CAT # 47W97) IS REQUIRED WHEN CONNECTING THE COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y0349) WITH THE LSOM 2. RESISTOR KIT NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING COMFORTSENSE 7000 (CATALOG# Y2081).

FIELD PROVIDED JUMPER BETWEEN Y2 OUT BL ON HEAT PUMP TO Y2 ON CX32MV.

IMPORTANT — USE CARE WHEN CUTTING LINKS TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO CONTROL. SEE FIGURE 20, CBX32MV JUMP AND LINK GUIDE FOR FURTHER DETAILS.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK Y1-Y2 FOR TWO-STAGE HP.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK R-O.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK R-DS WHEN DEHUMIDIFICATION TERMINAL IS USED.

**CAUTION**

**ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)**

**Precautions and Procedures**

Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions during unit installation and service to protect the unit's electronic controls. Precautions will help to avoid control exposure to electrostatic discharge by putting the unit, the control and the technician at the same electrostatic potential. Neutralize electrostatic charge by touching hand and all tools on an unpainted unit surface before performing any service procedure.
Figure 18. Control (Field Wiring) — Cooling Application (Humiditrol® and Second-Stage Outdoor Fan Relay Wiring) Non-Communicating

Figure 19. Control (Field Wiring) — Heat Pump Application (Humiditrol® and Second-Stage Outdoor Fan Relay Wiring) Non-Communicating
SENSOR CONNECTIONS AND WIRING REQUIREMENTS

The following are sensor connections and wiring requirements for the discharge air and outdoor air sensors.

Discharge Sensor (DAT)
The Air Handler Control has two screw terminals marked Discharge Air Sensor. The sensor is REQUIRED for EVENHEAT operation and is field mounted and ordered separately using Lennox Catalog # 88K38.

In the EVENHEAT mode, the discharge air sensor cycles the electric heating elements as needed to maintain the Air Handler control EVENHEAT jumper selected discharge setpoint.

The discharge air sensor should be mounted downstream of the electric heat elements as illustrated in figure 15, detail A. It must be placed in a location with unobstructed airflow, where other accessories (such as humidifiers, UV lights, etc.) will not interfere with its accuracy.

Wiring distance between the Control and the discharge air sensor should not exceed 10 feet (3 meters) when wired with 18-gauge thermostat wire.

Outdoor Air Sensor
This is a two screw terminal for connection to a Lennox X2658 outdoor temperature sensor. The Control takes no action on the sensor status other than to communicate the temperature to the RSbus network. Wiring distance between the AHC and outdoor temperature sensor should not exceed 200 feet when wired with 18-gauge thermostat wire.

• Minimum temperature: -40°F (-40°C)
• Maximum temperature: 70°F (158°C)

AIR HANDLER CONTROL 9-PIN CONNECTOR (P8)
1. Air Handler (no electric heat) — Two wire factory harness (wired to pins 7 and 8) which provides 230 VAC power to Air Handler Control.
2. Air Handler (with electric heat) — Eight wire factory harness (all pin position are wired as noted in table 5).

NOTE — See figure 15, detail B for wire colors.

Table 5. Electric Heat Connection (P8)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Function / Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Heat stage 1 relay coil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Heat stage 2 relay coil</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONTROL CONNECTIONS AND WIRING REQUIREMENTS

This sections provides information on communicating and non-communicating control connections and wire run lengths.

Table 6. Air Handler Control Connections — Communicating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>i+</td>
<td>RSbus data high connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>i-</td>
<td>RSbus data low connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td></td>
<td>24VAC command (ground)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td></td>
<td>24VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i+</td>
<td></td>
<td>RSbus data high connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i-</td>
<td></td>
<td>RSbus data low connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td></td>
<td>24VAC command (ground)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7. Run Length — Communicating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Run Length</th>
<th>AWG #</th>
<th>Insulation/Core Types</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum run</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Color-coded, temperature rating 95°F (35°C) minimum, solid core. (Class II Rated Wiring)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 8. Run Length — Non-Communicating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Run Length</th>
<th>AWG #</th>
<th>Insulation/Core Types</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 100’ (30m)</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Color-coded, temperature rating 95°F (35°C) minimum, solid core. (Class II Rated Wiring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 100’ (30m)</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Color-coded, temperature rating 95°F (35°C) minimum, solid core. (Class II Rated Wiring)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoor Control Terminal Label</td>
<td>Non-Communicating Room Thermostat (Indoor and Outdoor -24 volts)</td>
<td>Indoor Communicating Outdoor Non-Communicating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W1 (Input)</td>
<td>Indicates a first-stage heating demand. This input is an anticipator for the thermostat.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W2 (Input)</td>
<td>Indicates a second-stage heating demand. W1 input must be active to recognize second-stage heat demand.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W3 (Input)</td>
<td>Indicates a third-stage heating demand. W1 and W2 inputs must be active to recognize third-stage heat demand.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y1 &amp; Y2 (Input/Output)</td>
<td>Room thermostat inputs 24 volts to the Y1 and Y2 terminals on the indoor control. The 24 volt signal is then passed through to the outdoor unit. During a second-stage demand, both Y1 and Y2 are active. The Y1 terminal is connected to Y2 by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut for 2 stage applications). The room thermostat communicated with the indoor control. The indoor control outputs 24 volts on its Y1 and Y2 terminals which are hard wired to the non-communicating outdoor unit.</td>
<td>In a full communicating system, no wiring is required on Y1 and Y2 terminals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G (Input)</td>
<td>Indicates a 24 volt indoor blower demand.</td>
<td>In a communicating system, “G” input to indoor control is used by non-communicating IAQ devices (such as LVCS, HRV or ERV) to ensure indoor blower demand.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>The C terminal shall interconnect the signal ground of the room thermostat with secondary transformer ground (TR) and chassis ground (GND).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>The R terminal shall be capable of providing the power to the thermostat and all the associated loads.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O (Input/Output)</td>
<td>Room thermostat inputs 24 volts to the O terminal on the indoor control. The O terminal is connected to R by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut if unit was a heat pump). The room thermostat communicated with the indoor control. The indoor control outputs 24 volts on its O terminals which are hard wired to the non-communicating outdoor unit. If there is 24 volts on O, the reversing valve will be energized and the outdoor unit will run in the cooling mode. If O does not have 24 volts, the outdoor unit will run in heating mode.</td>
<td>In a full communicating system, O terminal is not wired.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DS (Input)</td>
<td>Used for Harmony III zoning systems, or thermostat with dehumidification capability. The DS terminal is connected to R by link (Solid jumper on control that would be cut if for the above applications). Harmony III control - This will allow the control to vary the voltage signal to the indoor blower motor to control required CFM. Dehumidification - Allow a 24 volt signal on the DS to turn off and on the dehumidification mode.</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DH (Output)</td>
<td>The DH terminal provides a 24VAC output for dehumidification needs in communicating systems.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H (Output)</td>
<td>The H terminal provides a 24VAC output for humidification needs in both communicating and non-communicating mode.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L (Input)</td>
<td>The L terminal is provided for connection to devices with Lennox System Operation Monitor (LSOM) capabilities. The control interprets the fault signals and transmits them as an alarm message on the communication line. There are ten (10) identified LSOM fault codes. Each is mapped to the communication Alarm codes.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 20. Air Handler Configuration
Air Handler Control Button, Display and Jumpers

Use figure 20 as reference for jumper settings. If any of the referenced jumpers are missing, the Air Handler Control will display Error Code 130 as per table 10, and the Air Handler Control will automatically use the factory default setting show in figure 20)

IMPORTANT
Before changing any clippable links or jumper settings, make sure the motor has completely stopped. Any changes will not take place while the motor is running.

PUSH BUTTON
An on-board push button is provided for the purpose of placing the Air Handler Control in different operation modes and can be used to recall stored error codes. When button is pushed and held, Air Handler Control will cycle through a menu of options depending on current operating mode. Every three seconds a new menu item will be displayed. If the button is released while that item is shown on the display, Air Handler Control will enter displayed operating mode, or execute defined operation sequence for that menu option. Once all items on menu have been displayed the menu resumes from the beginning (if button is still held).

1. Press the diagnostic push button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. Release the button when the desired mode is displayed.

2. When the solid “E” is displayed, the control enters the Error Code Recall mode. Error Code Recall mode menu options: No change (displaying error history) remains in Error Code Recall mode; solid “-” exits Error Code Recall mode; and solid “c” clears the error history. Must press button while flashing “c” is displayed to clear error codes

3. When the solid “-” is displayed, the control enters the applicable mode. Field configuration mode menu options: Solid “C” starts pressure switch calibration; blinking “-” exits current active mode.

JUMPERS
Jumpers are used for non-communicating mode only.

1. Humidification — Controls the status of H terminal on the thermostat block. Configurations are as follows:
   • If jumper is installed in SMART Humidification position (Default), H terminal is active if heat demand is present and indoor blower is running.
   • If jumper is installed in AUTO Humidification position, H terminal is energized whenever indoor blower is running.

2. EvenHeat — Target Discharge Air Temperature selection is used to set discharge air temperatures for EvenHeat operation.

NOTE - Optional Discharge Air Temperature Sensor, Lennox Catalog # 88K38 is REQUIRED for EVENHEAT operation and must be ordered separately.

3. Blower Only CFM — Used to select Indoor blower CFM for continuous operation.

4. Heat — Used to select Indoor blower CFM for electrical heat by placing the jumper in proper position. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown in Targeted CFM tables starting on page 26.

5. Cool — Used to select cooling indoor blower CFM by placing the jumper in proper position. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown in Targeted CFM tables starting on page 26.

6. Adjust - Used to select the indoor blower CFM adjustment value by placing the jumper in appropriate position.
   • If NORM is selected, indoor blower runs at normal speeds.
   • If + is selected, indoor blower runs at approximately 10% higher speed than NORM setting.
   • If - is selected, indoor blower runs at approximately 10% lower speed than NORM setting.

If the jumper is missing, the Air Handler Control will activate the Configuration Jumper is Missing alarm and will automatically use the default factory setting in table 10. See figure 20 for jumper configurations. Actual CFM values for different air handler sizes are shown in Targeted CFM tables starting on page 26.

7. Delay — Indoor blower cooling profile, delay for cooling and heat pump operations.
   • For heat pump heating operation only delay profiles 1 and 2 are applicable. If profiles 3 or 4 have been selected, heat pump operation will use profile 1 only.
   • For heat pump cooling operation all 4 profiles are operational.

If the jumper is missing, the Air Handler Control will activate the Configuration Jumper is Missing alarm and will automatically use the default factory setting in table 10. See figure 20 for jumper configurations.

Delay Profile 1
A When cool or heat demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
B Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop.

Delay Profile 2
Cooling — Air Conditioner and Heat Pump:

A When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
Once demand is met, motor runs at 100% for 45 seconds.
Motor ramps down to stop.

**Heating — Heat Pump only:**

A. When heat demand is initiated, 30 seconds motor on delay starts.
B. After the motor on delays expires, motor ramps up to 100% and runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
C. Once demand is met, motor runs at 100% for 45 seconds.
D. Motor ramps down to stop.

**Delay Profile 3**

A. When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 82%.
B. Motor runs at 82% for approximately 7.5 minutes and then ramp up to 100% (unless the demand has been satisfied) and motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
C. Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop.

**Delay Profile 4**

A. When cool demand is initiated, motor ramps up to 50%.
B. Motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds and ramps up to 82%.
C. Motor runs at 82% for approximately 7.5 minutes and then ramp up to 100% (unless the demand has been satisfied) and motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
D. Once demand is met, motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds.
E. Motor ramps down to stop.

**DISPLAY**

An on-board single character LED display (see figure 20 for LED display location) indicates general system status information such as mode of operation, indoor blower CFM and error codes. Multi-character strings are displayed with character ON for one second, OFF for 0.5 seconds and one second pause between the character groups.

### Table 10. AHC System Status Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AHC Single Character Display</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Letter or Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ξ</td>
<td>Unit Size Code displayed represents air handler model size and capacity. See Configuring Unit Size Codes in figure 22.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>~</td>
<td>If three horizontal bars are displayed, AHC does not recognize air handler model size and capacity. See Configuring Unit Size Codes in Figure 22.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>♦</td>
<td>Idle mode (decimal point / no unit operation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>‡</td>
<td>Cubic feet per minute (cfm) setting for indoor blower (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / cfm setting for current mode displayed. Example: ‡0503</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>™</td>
<td>Cooling stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes). Example ™01 or ™02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d</td>
<td>Dehumidification mode (1 second ON) / 1 second OFF) / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat Codes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d F</td>
<td>Defrost mode. (Y, W and O call)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>Heat Stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes. Example: H01 or H02 or H3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h</td>
<td>Variable Capacity Heat (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / % of input rate displayed / Pause/ cfm setting / Pause/ Repeat codes. Example: h01 or h02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U</td>
<td>Discharge air sensor temperature (indoor blower must be operating) U05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 11. AHC Configuration, Test and Error Recall (Fault and Lockout) Function

#### NOTE — AHC MUST BE IN IDLE MODE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single Character LED Display</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>Push and hold button until solid appears, release button. Display will blink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blinking</td>
<td>Push and hold button until required symbol displays $H$, $A$, or $P$.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### CONFIGURING ELECTRIC HEAT SECTIONS

| Solid | $H$ | Release push button - control will cycle the indoor blower motor on to the selected heat speed and stage the electric heat relays on and off to automatically detect number of electric heat sections. Control will store the number of electric heat sections. Control will automatically exit current active mode. |

#### INDOOR BLOWER TEST

| Solid | $R$ | Release push button - control cycles indoor blower on for ten seconds at 70% of maximum air for selected capacity size unit. Control will automatically exit current active mode. |

#### CONFIGURING UNIT SIZE CODES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single Character LED Display</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>$P$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Blinking                     | $P$ | 1. When the correct Unit Sized Code is displayed, RELEASE push button. Selected code will flash for 10 second period.  
2. During ten second period, HOLD push button until code stops blinking (three seconds minimum).  
3. Air Handler Control will store code in memory and exit current active mode. LED display will go blank and then the Unit Size Code will display for 2 to 5 seconds.  
NOTE - If ten second period expires, or push button is held less than 3 seconds, control will automatically exit current active mode and go into IDLE Mode without storing unit size code. If this occurs, then Unit Size Code configuring procedure must be repeated. |

#### ERROR CODE RECALL MODE (NOTE — CONTROL MUST BE IN IDLE MODE)

| Solid                        | $E$ | To enter Error Code Recall Mode — PUSH and HOLD button until solid $E$ appears, then RELEASE button. Control will display up to ten error codes stored in memory. If E000 is displayed, there are no stored error codes. |
| Solid                        | $=$ | To exit Error Code Recall Mode — PUSH and HOLD button until solid three horizontal bars appear, then RELEASE button.  
NOTE: Error codes are not cleared |
| Solid                        | $c$ | To clear error codes stored in memory, continue to HOLD push button while the three horizontal bars are displayed. Release push button when solid $c$ is displayed. |
| Blinking                     | $c$ | Push and hold for one (1) second, release button. Seven-segment will display 0000 and exit error recall mode. |
### Table 12. AHC Single Character Display Alert Codes (Communicating and Non-Communicating)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alert Code</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Alert</th>
<th>How to Clear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E 105</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The air-handler has lost communication with the rest of the system.</td>
<td>Equipment is unable to communicate. This may indicate the existence of other alarms/codes. In most cases errors are related to electrical noise. Make sure high voltage power is separated from RSBus. Check for mis-wired and/or loose connections between the thermostat, indoor unit and outdoor unit. Check for a high voltage source of noise close to the system. Generally, this is a self-recoverable error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 114</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>There is a frequency/distortion problem with the power to the air-handler.</td>
<td>This alarm/code may indicate transformer overloading. Check the voltage and line power frequency. Check the generator operating frequency, if the system is running on back-up power. Correct voltage and frequency problems. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 115</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The 24VAC to the air-handler control is lower than the required range of 18 to 30VAC.</td>
<td>24-volt power low (range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for additional power-robbing equipment connected to system. This alarm/code may require the installation of an additional or larger VA transformer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 120</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>There is a delay in the air-handler responding to the system.</td>
<td>Typically, this alarm/code does not cause any issues and will clear on its own. The alarm/code is usually caused by a delay in the outdoor unit responding to the thermostat. Check all wiring connections. Cleared after unresponsive device responds to any inquiry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 124</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The icomfort™ thermostat has lost communication with the air-handler for more than 3 minutes.</td>
<td>Equipment lost communication with the icomfort™ thermostat. Check the wiring connections, ohm wires and cycle power. The alarm stops all associated HVAC operations and waits for a heartbeat message from the unit that's not communicating. The alarm/fault clears after communication is re-established.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 125</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>There is a hardware problem with the air-handler control.</td>
<td>There is a control hardware problem. Replace the control if the problem prevents operation and is persistent. The alarm/fault is cleared 300 seconds after the fault recovers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 130</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>An air-handler configuration jumper is missing.</td>
<td>Configuration jumper(s) missing on control (applicable in non-communicating applications only). Replace the jumper or put wire between terminals on control. Cleared after jumper is connected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 131</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The air-handler control parameters are corrupted.</td>
<td>Reconfigure the system. Replace the control if heating or cooling is not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 132</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The air-handler control software is corrupted.</td>
<td>Recycle power. If failure re-occurs, replace the control. System reset is required to recover.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 180</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The icomfort™ thermostat has found a problem with the air-handler outdoor sensor.</td>
<td>In normal operation after control recognizes sensors, the alarm will be sent if valid temperature reading is lost. Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Replace sensor pack if necessary. At the beginning of (any) configuration, the air-handler control will detect the presence of the sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature will be set as installed and shown in the ‘About’ screen. The alarm/fault will clear upon configuration, or sensing normal values.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 201</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The system has lost communication with the air-handler indoor blower motor.</td>
<td>Lost communication with indoor blower motor. Possible causes include power outage, brown-out, motor not powered, loose wiring, condensation on air handler control without cover on breaker. Problem may be on control or motor side. Cleared after communication is restored.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 202</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The unit size code for the air-handler and the size of blower motor do not match.</td>
<td>Incorrect appliance unit size code selected. Check for proper configuring under unit size codes for air handler on configuration guide or in installation instructions. The alarm/fault clears after the correct match is detected following a reset. Remove the thermostat from the system while applying power and reprogramming.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 203</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The unit size code for the air-handler has not been selected.</td>
<td>No appliance unit size code selected. Check for proper configuring under: Unit size codes for air handler on configuration guide or in installation instructions. Critical Alert. The alarm/fault clears after the correct match is detected following a reset. Remove the thermostat from the system while applying power and reprogramming.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 205</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The air-handler's blower motor will not start.</td>
<td>The system will go into watchguard mode. Indoor blower motor unable to start. This could be due to seized bearing, stuck wheel, obstruction etc. Replace motor or wheel if assembly does not operate or meet performance standards. The alarm/fault clears after the indoor blower motor starts successfully.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 295</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>The indoor blower motor is overheating.</td>
<td>Indoor blower motor over temperature (motor tripped on internal protector). Check motor bearings and amps. Replace if necessary. The alarm/fault clears after blower demand is satisfied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 310</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>There is a problem with air-handler discharge air sensor.</td>
<td>Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/resistance charts in installation instructions. Replace sensor if necessary. The alarm/fault is cleared 30 seconds after fault is detected as recovered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 312</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>The blower cannot provide the requested CFM due to high static.</td>
<td>Warning Only. Restricted airflow - Indoor blower is running at a reduced CFM (cutback mode). The variable-speed motor has pre-set speed and torque limiters to protect the motor from damage caused by operating outside of design parameters (0 to 0.8 e.g., total external static pressure). Check filter and duct system. To clear, replace filter if needed or repair/add duct. The alarm/fault is cleared after the current service demand is satisfied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E 313</td>
<td>Minor</td>
<td>The indoor and outdoor unit capacities do not match.</td>
<td>Check for proper configuring in installation instructions. Alarm is just a warning. The system will operate, but might not meet efficiency and capacity parameters. The alarm will clear after commissioning is complete.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 12. AHC Single Character Display Alert Codes (Communicating and Non-Communicating) (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alert Code</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Alert</th>
<th>How to Clear</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E345</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The O relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. O relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. Replace control. The alarm clears after a reset.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E346</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The R to O jumper was not removed on the air-handler control.</td>
<td>Configuration link(s) not removed on control. Cut / remove R to O jumper. Applicable with non communicating outdoor unit with communicating indoor unit. The fault clears after the R to O jumper is cut/removed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E347</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The Y1 relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. Operation stopped. Y1 relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. The indoor unit cannot verify that the relay is closed. The alarm clears after a reset and Y1 input sensed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E348</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The Y2 relay on the air-handler has failed. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. Operation stopped. Y2 relay failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize. The indoor unit cannot verify that the relay is closed. The alarm clears after a reset and Y2 input sensed.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E350</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>The air-handler's electric heat is not configured.</td>
<td>Heat call with no configured or mis-configured electric heat. Configure electric heat in the air-handler. The fault clears electrical heat is successfully detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E351</td>
<td>Critical</td>
<td>There is a problem with the air-handler's first stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. Heat section / stage 1 failed. Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The alarm clears after stage 1 relay is detected.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E352</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>There is a problem with the air-handler's second stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.</td>
<td>Heat section / stage 2 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E353</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>There is a problem with the air-handler's third stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.</td>
<td>Heat section / stage 3 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E354</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>There is a problem with the air-handler's fourth stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.</td>
<td>Heat section / stage 4 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E355</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>There is a problem with the air-handler's fifth stage electric heat. Either the pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on first stage electric heat until the issue is resolved.</td>
<td>Heat section / stage 5 failed (same as code 351). Pilot relay contacts did not close, or the relay coil in the electric heat section did not energize. The air-handler will operate on stage 1 heat only. The alarm clears after stage 2 relay is detected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E409</td>
<td>Moderate</td>
<td>The secondary voltage for the air-handler has fallen below 18VAC. If this continues for 10 minutes, the icomfort™ thermostat will turn off the air-handler.</td>
<td>Secondary voltage is below 18VAC. After 10 minutes, operation is discontinued. Check the indoor line voltage, transformer output voltage. The alarm clears after the voltage is higher than 20VAC for 2 seconds or after a power reset.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Target CFM Tables

### CBX32MV-018/024 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jumper Setting</th>
<th>&quot;HEAT&quot; Speed</th>
<th>&quot;COOL&quot; Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 cfm</td>
<td>2 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORM</td>
<td>670</td>
<td>770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NOTES:
- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed if 250 cfm.

### CBX32MV-024/030 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jumper Setting</th>
<th>&quot;HEAT&quot; Speed</th>
<th>&quot;COOL&quot; Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 cfm</td>
<td>2 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>800</td>
<td>935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORM</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>655</td>
<td>765</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NOTES:
- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed if 250 cfm.

### CBX32MV-036 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Jumper Setting</th>
<th>&quot;HEAT&quot; Speed</th>
<th>&quot;COOL&quot; Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 cfm</td>
<td>2 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td>1230</td>
<td>1335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORM</td>
<td>1120</td>
<td>1215</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>1010</td>
<td>1185</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### NOTES:
- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 250 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed if 250 cfm.
CBX32MV-048 and CBX32MV-060 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>“AJUST” Jumper Setting</th>
<th>Jumper Speed Positions</th>
<th>“HEAT” Speed</th>
<th>“COOL” Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 cfm</td>
<td>2 cfm</td>
<td>3 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES:

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 450 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed if 450 cfm.

CBX32MV-068 BLOWER PERFORMANCE

0 through 0.80 in. w.g. External Static Pressure Range

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>“AJUST” Jumper Setting</th>
<th>Jumper Speed Positions</th>
<th>“HEAT” Speed</th>
<th>“COOL” Speed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 cfm</td>
<td>2 cfm</td>
<td>3 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORM</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES:

- The effect of static pressure, filter and electric heater resistance is included in the air volumes listed.
- First stage cooling air volume is 70% of COOL speed settings. Continuous fan speed is approximately 28%, 38%, 70% and 100% (Jumper selectable) of the same second-stage COOL speed selected, minimum 450 cfm.
- Lennox Harmony III™ Zone Control applications - minimum blower speed if 450 cfm.
Unit Operating Sequences

This section details unit operating sequence for non-communicating systems.

**NOTE** - For communicating systems, see the icomfort™ thermostat installation instruction.

Table 13. CBX32MV with ComfortSense™ 7000 Thermostat and Single-Stage Outdoor Unit Operating Sequence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating Sequence</th>
<th>System Demand</th>
<th>Thermostat Demand</th>
<th>Relative Humidity</th>
<th>Comp</th>
<th>Air Handler CFM (COOL)</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System Condition</td>
<td>Step</td>
<td>Y1</td>
<td>Y2</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>W1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO CALL FOR DEHUMIDIFICATION</td>
<td></td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Acceptable</td>
<td>24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</td>
<td></td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Acceptable</td>
<td>24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification Call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Demand</td>
<td>0 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</td>
<td></td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Demand</td>
<td>0 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Acceptable</td>
<td>24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>On</td>
<td>Demand</td>
<td>0 VAC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 14. CBX32MV with ComfortSense™ 7000 Thermostat and Two-Stage Outdoor Unit Operating Sequence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating Sequence</th>
<th>System Demand</th>
<th>System Response</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Step</td>
<td>Thermostat Demand</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Y1 Y2 O G W1 W2 Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>No Call for Dehumidification</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation - Y1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation - Y2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Room Thermostat Calls for First-Stage Cooling</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification Call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Room Thermostat Calls for First- and Second-Stage Cooling</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BASIC MODE (Only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification Call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRECISION MODE (Operates independent of a Y1 thermostat demand)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Operation</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>On On On On On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dehumidification call</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>On On On On</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuring Unit

This section identifies the requirements for configuring the air handler unit for unit size, heat mode selection and EvenHeat.

Air Handler Control Checkout

Power-up - Unit Size Code (Number or letter) displayed represents air handler model size and capacity. If three horizontal bars displays, Air Handler Control (AHC) does not recognize unit size code (air handler model size and capacity).

- Electric heat installed?
  - Yes
  - AHC recognizes Unit Size Code?
    - Yes
    - No (Display Alarm Code 203)
    - Refer to Configuring Unit Size Codes flow diagram, Air Handler or ECB40 Electric Heat installation instructions.
    - Important — Field replacement controls may need to be manually configured to validate air handler unit size code.
  - No
    - Finished
    - After all electric heat installations, AHC must be manually configured to detect number of heat sections. Refer to Configuring/Detecting electric heat sections flow diagram, Air Handler or ECB40 Electric Heat installation

- Which Heat Mode?
  - Standard
  - EVENHEAT
  - W1 Call?
    - Yes
    - Refer to EVENHEAT Operation flow diagram, Air Handler or ECB40 Electric Heat installation instructions.
    - No
      - Refer to Heat Pump or Cooling Sequence of Operation flow diagrams, Air Handler or ECB40 Electric Heat installation instructions.

NUMBER OF HEAT SECTIONS DETECTED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>T-STAT CALL</th>
<th>ONE (H1)</th>
<th>TWO (H1-H2)</th>
<th>THREE (H1-H3)</th>
<th>FOUR (H1-H4)</th>
<th>FIVE (H1-H5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>W1</td>
<td>H1</td>
<td>H1</td>
<td>H1</td>
<td>H1 AND H2</td>
<td>H1 AND H2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W2</td>
<td>H2</td>
<td>H2</td>
<td>H3</td>
<td>H3 AND H4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W3</td>
<td>H3</td>
<td>H4</td>
<td>H5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pilot relays on AHC are energized one at a time. There is a minimum of 10 seconds delay between pilot relay activations.

- NOTE — AHC will not recognize higher heat sections calls if lower heat section is not present.

A call for electric heating first, second or third stage is initiated when 24 VAC (R) is detected on W1, W2 and W3 inputs on AHC. (Factory mounted metal jumpers connect W1/2 and W2/W3.)

Indoor blower will immediately start to delivery CFM as set by heating mode jumper on AHC with activation of first electric heat pilot relay.

Pilot relays on AHC are energized one at a time. There is a minimum of 10 seconds delay between pilot relay activations.

- NOTE — AHC will not recognize higher heat sections calls if lower heat section is not present.

At the completion of each heat section demand (W1, W2, and W3), the AHC will immediately de-energize the corresponding pilot relay(s).

- Note — If the call for lower heat section is removed, AHC will automatically de-energize higher heat sections.

At the completion of all heating demands, the indoor blower will run for an additional 10 seconds before de-energizing.

Recommend — Use Figure 20 as a reference for setting jumper configurations on the Air Handler Control.

Figure 21. Air Handler Control Checkout
Configuring Unit Size Codes (Model Number)

- **Power-up** — Unit Size Code (number or letter) displayed represents unit size code (air handler model size and capacity). If three horizontal bars display, then Air Handler Control (AHC) does not recognize unit size code.

- **AHC in IDLE mode** (No heating, cooling or indoor fan operation)

  - **Yes**
  - **No**

  - To enter unit size code configuration mode: **PUSH** and **HOLD** button next to single character LED display until dash symbol appears, **RELEASE** button.

  - **Solid dash starts blinking on single character LED display.**

  - **PUSH** and **HOLD** button until the solid P symbol is displayed on the single character LED display, then **RELEASE** button. This mode allows the user to select a unit size code (number or letter) that matches the air handler model size and capacity.

    - IMPORTANT — Field replacement controls may need to be manually configured to validate air handler unit size code.

  - **Solid P starts blinking on single character LED display.**

  - **PUSH** and **HOLD** button to allow AHC to display unit size code (letter or number) for each different air handler model for three seconds.

    - **LED displays correct Unit Size Code.**

    - **NO**

    - **YES**

    - **Unit enters IDLE Mode.**

- **UNIT SIZE CODE**

  - 0 CBX32MV-018/024
  - 1 CBX32MV-024/030
  - 2 CBX32MV-036
  - 3 CBX32MV-048
  - 4 CBX32MV-060
  - 5 CBX32MV-068
  - 6 CBX40UHV-024
  - 7 CBX40UHV-030
  - 8 CBX40UHV-036
  - 9 CBX40UHV-042
  - L CBX40UHV-048
  - U CBX40UHV-060

- **NOTE** - If 10 second period expires, or push button is held less than three seconds, control will automatically exit current active mode and go into IDLE Mode without storing unit size code. If this occurs, then Unit Size Code configuring procedure must be repeated.

1. When the correct Unit Size Code is displayed, **RELEASE** push button. Selected code will flash for 10 second period.
2. During that 10 second period, **HOLD** push button until code stops blinking (three seconds minimum).
3. Air Handler Control will store code in memory and exit current active mode, LED display will go blank and then the Unit Size Code will display for 2 to 5 seconds.

**Figure 22. Configure Unit Size Codes**
Configuring/Detecting Electric Heat Sections

**IMPORTANT** — All electric heat installations require the Air Handler Control (AHC) to be manually configured to detect number of heat sections.

**NOTE** — All field replacement AHC will require configuring/detecting electric heat sections.

**RECOMMEND** — USE FIGURE 20 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.

---

**Which Heat Mode?**

- **Standard**
- **EVENHEAT**

---

**To enter electric heat mode configuration**, push and hold button next to single character LED display until dash symbol (solid bar) appears, then release button.

- **Solid dash starts blinking on single character LED display**

---

**AHC in Idle Mode** (No heating cooling or indoor fan operation)

- **Yes**
  - Push and hold button until the solid H symbol is displayed on the single character LED display, then release button.

- **No**
  - Turn room thermostat to OFF.

---

1. **AHC will start the indoor blower motor to the selected heat jumper speed setting and cycle the electric heat relays ON to automatically detect number of electric heat sections.** (Electric heat section may be wired to energize more than one element)
2. **AHC waits for maximum of ten seconds to detect electric heat 22 volt DC relay coils are energizing:**
   - **A** If relay coil current is detected within ten seconds, AHC will show a 1 on the single character LED display indicating that the first stage has been detected. As each additional heat section is detected, single character LED display on the AHC will display that electric element number. (Example: Last number displayed by the single character LED display is 3, the AHC is configured to operate three electric heat sections.)
   - **B** If relay coil current is not detected within ten seconds, the AHC will exit the current active mode and resume operation with electric heat disabled.
3. **AHC will automatically exit current configuration mode** when configuration is completed. To verify that the number of electric sections detected matches the installed electric heat package, the field MUST CONFIRM that the last number the single character LED display before exiting the Configuring/Detection Mode matches the number of installed electric heat sections. AHC stores the number of electric heat stages in non-volatile memory.
4. **After the detection is finished, unit will continue to operate for an additional 30 seconds.**

**NOTE** — If AHC push button is pushed or power is cycled on AHC is unable to verify all 22 volt DC electric heat relay(s) were energized using electric heater detection, configuration will be stopped. Configuration function must be repeated.

---

**Figure 23. Heat Mode Selection**
**EVENHEAT OPERATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INPUTS</th>
<th>TARGET DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SET AT 85°F</th>
<th>TARGET DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SET AT 100°F</th>
<th>TARGET DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE SET AT 115°F/130°F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Room Thermostat Demand</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage</td>
<td>Heat Pump First + First Electric Heat Section (H1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y1 + Y2</td>
<td>Heat Pump First and Second Stage</td>
<td>Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1)</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section + Second Electric Heat Section (H1) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y1 + W1 and/or W2</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1)</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
<td>Heat Pump First Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1) Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y1 and Y2 + W1 and/or W2</td>
<td>Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1)</td>
<td>Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
<td>Heat Pump First and Second Stage + First Electric Heat Section (H1) Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W1 and/or W2</td>
<td>First Electric Heat Section (H1)</td>
<td>First Electric Heat Section (H1) + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
<td>First Electric Heat Section (H1) + Second Electric Heat Section (H2) if number of electric heater sections detected is more than two.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Heat pump first or second stage or electric heat demand will start the Air Handler Control (AHC) indoor blower at CFM value based on tables found in installation instructions.

Heat Pump and Electric Heat Demand?

Yes: Increase target discharge air temperature by 15°F

No: Timer delays for 120 seconds

One Stage

Last room thermostat Heat up-staging action

More than one stage

Timer delays for 150 seconds

Figure 24. EVENHEAT Operation (1 of 2)
Discharge air temperature is within target range?

Measured discharge air temperature is above or below target range?

Discharge air temperature sensor setting on the Air Handler Control will remain at set point. W1 demand and be increased 15ºF for W2 demand.

Heat Pump OFF
Discharge air temperature sensor setting on the Air Handler Control will remain at set point. W1 demand will increase set point 15ºF. W2 demand will increase set point an additional 15ºF. (Total of 30ºF)

Adjust Target Discharge Air Temperature

Stop Delay Timer

Delay Timer, Finished or last change was up-stage

Yes

Electric heat ON

No

W call with one Electric Heat Section ON.

Delay Timer, Finished or last change was down-stage

Yes

Stop Delay Timer

Activation delay

120 seconds if one heat stage is or deactivated

150 seconds if more than one stage is activated or deactivated.

Activate Y2

Y1 ON and Y2 OFF

More Electric Heat available

No

Y1 ON and Y2 OFF

No

More Electric Heat available

Electric Heat Section ON.

Turn ON one Electric Heat section

NOTES — Optional Outdoor Thermostat (Wired between R and W3) will lockout electric elements 3, 4 and 5.
Heat Pump Operation (Heating and Cooling)

Air Handler Control (AHC) Indoor Blower Mode Speed and Profiles settings
1. Set Cooling Mode Blower Speed jumper pin. (Low and high indoor blower CFM settings are identical for cooling and heat pump)
2. Set Blower Adjust Selection jumper pin.
3. Set Cooling Mode Blower Ramping jumper pin (Cooling calls - All ramping profiles are active) (Heating calls - Only ramping profiles 1 and 2 are active. If profiles 3 or 4 are selected, AHC will default to profile 1)
   A. Profile 1 does not provide any ramping profiles.
   B. Profile 2 provides a 30 second indoor blower ON delay at the start of a heat pump heating demand. (45 second indoor blower OFF delay)
4. Simultaneous Heat Pump and electric heat call: Indoor Blower will operate at the highest CFM requested by the heat pump or the electric heat blower speed selection.

Single or Two-Stage Unit
1. AHC on-AHC link must be cut between Y1 and Y2 to allow two stage cooling operation.
2. AHC on-AHC link must be cut between R and O to allow heat pump operation.

RECOMMEND — USE FIGURE 20 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.

Room thermostat calls for first stage?

Air Handler Control (AHC) receives inputs on Y1 terminal.

Y1 terminal on AHC is configured as input and passes signal from room thermostat to outdoor unit.
NOTE — The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

Y1 input to the AHC will control the indoor blower according to the cooling or heating mode blower speed, ramping and adjust selection jumper pins.

Room thermostat calls for second stage?

Yes

Y2 terminal on AHC is configured as input and passes signal from room thermostat to outdoor unit.
NOTE — The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

Y2 terminal is an input to the AHC. The indoor blower will be controlled according to the jumper pin selections.

De-energize Y2 terminal on AHC. Indoor blower speed will reset to Y1 demand.
NOTE — The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

Still calling for second stage?

Y2 terminal is an input to the AHC. Will control the indoor blower according to the cooling mode blower speed, ramping and adjust selection jumper pins.

Y1 input to the AHC. Will control the indoor blower according to the cooling mode blower speed, ramping and adjust selection jumper pins.

Yes

No

De-energize Y1 (and O in cooling) terminals on AHC.
NOTE — The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

De-energize indoor blower per ramping profile.
Room thermostat calls for first stage?

Air Handler Control (AHC) receives inputs on Y1 terminal.

Y1 terminal on AHC is configured as input and passes signal from room thermostat to outdoor unit.

NOTE - The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

Y1 input to the AHC will control the indoor blower according to the cooling or heating mode blower speed, ramping and adjust selection jumper pins.

Yes

Room thermostat calls for second stage?

Yes

Y2 terminal on AHC is configured as input and passes signal from room thermostat to outdoor unit.

NOTE - The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

Y2 terminal is an input to the AHC. The indoor blower will be controlled according to the jumper pin selections.

Yes

Still calling for second stage?

Yes

Still calling for second stage?

No

De-energize Y2 terminal on AHC. Indoor blower speed will reset to Y1 demand.

NOTE - The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

De-energize Y1 (and O in cooling) terminal on AHC.

NOTE - The outdoor unit control directly controls the outdoor unit operation.

De-energize indoor blower per ramping profile.

CUT ON-BOARD LINK Y1-Y2 FOR TWO-STAGE A/C

Y1-Y2

2-STAGE

COMPR

R-O

HEAT

PUMP

R-DS

DEHUM

OR

HARMONY

RECOMMEND — USE FIGURE 20 AS A REFERENCE FOR SETTING JUMPER CONFIGURATIONS ON THE AIR HANDLER CONTROL.

IMPORTANT - Use care when cutting links to prevent damage to control. See figure 20, CBX32MV jump and link guide for further details.

CUT FOR OPTION

Single or Two-Stage Unit

AHC on-board link must be cut between Y1 and Y2 to allow 2 stage cooling operation.
Error Code / Recall Mode

To enter **Error Code Mode**, push and hold button next to single character LED display until solid **E** symbol appears, release button.

Control will display up to ten error codes stored in memory. If **E 0 0 0** is displayed, there are no stored error codes.

To clear error codes stored in memory, continue to hold push button while the solid three horizontal bars are displayed. Release button when solid is displayed.

Solid **c** starts blinking on single character LED display.

The display will blink for up to ten seconds. During this time, press the button and release to confirm deletion of the error code history. As confirmation, AHC will display **0 0 0 0**. (If ten second period expires or push button is not released, control will automatically exit **Error Code Mode** and go into mode without deleting error code history.

NOTE — Once the error code history is deleted, it cannot be recovered.

NOTE — Error Codes are not cleared from memory.
Indoor Blower Test

To indoor blower test mode, push and hold button next to single character LED display until — (Solid bar), then release button.

Turn room thermostat to OFF

Push and hold button until the solid A symbol is displayed on the single character LED display, then release button.

Control will cycle the indoor blower motor for ten seconds at 70% of maximum air for selected capacity size unit. Control will indoor blower test mode.

Operation

COOLING (COOLING ONLY OR HEAT PUMP)
When the thermostat calls for cooling, 24 volts is applied to the blower time-delay relay coil. After a delay, the indoor blower relay energizes. The normally open contacts close, causing the indoor blower motor to operate. The circuit between R and Y is completed, closing the circuit to the contactor in the outdoor unit, starting the compressor and outdoor fan motor.

On heat pumps, circuit R and O energizes the reversing valve, switching the valve to the cooling position. (The reversing valve remains energized as long as the thermostat selector switch is in the COOL position.)

At the completion of the cooling demand and after the relay's time-delay, the compressor and outdoor fan will cycle off.

HEATING (ELECTRIC HEAT ONLY)
When the thermostat calls for heat, the circuit between R and W is completed, and the heat sequencer is energized. A time delay follows before the heating elements and the indoor blower motor come on. Units with a second heat sequencer can be connected with the first sequencer to W on the thermostat subbase, or they may also be connected to a second stage on the subbase.

HEATING (HEAT PUMP)
When the thermostat calls for heating, 24 volts is applied to the blower time-delay relay coil. After a delay, the normally open contacts close, causing the indoor blower motor to operate. The circuit between R and Y is completed, closing the circuit to the contactor in the outdoor unit, starting the compressor and outdoor fan motor. Circuit R and G energizes the blower relay, starting the indoor blower motor.
If the room temperature continues to decrease, the circuit between R and W1 is completed by the second-stage heat room thermostat. Circuit R-W1 energizes a heat sequencer. The completed circuit will energize supplemental electric heat (if applicable). Units with a second heat sequencer can be connected with the first sequencer to W1 on the thermostat. They may also be connected to a second heating stage W2 on the thermostat subbase.

EMERGENCY HEAT (HEATING HEAT PUMP)
If the selector switch on the thermostat is set to the emergency heat position, the heat pump will be locked out of the heating circuit, and all heating will be electric heat (if applicable). A jumper should be placed between W2 and E on the thermostat subbase so that the electric heat control will transfer to the first-stage heat on the thermostat. This will allow the indoor blower to cycle on and off with the electric heat when the fan switch is in the AUTO position.

Repairing or Replacing Cabinet Insulation

**IMPORTANT**
DAMAGED INSULATION MUST BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED before the unit is put back into operation. Insulation loses its insulating value when wet, damaged, separated or torn.

Matt- or foil-faced insulation is installed in indoor equipment to provide a barrier between outside air conditions (surrounding ambient temperature and humidity) and the varying conditions inside the unit. If the insulation barrier is damaged (wet, ripped, torn or separated from the cabinet walls), the surrounding ambient air will affect the inside surface temperature of the cabinet. The temperature/humidity difference between the inside and outside of the cabinet can cause condensation on the inside or outside of the cabinet which leads to sheet metal corrosion and subsequently, component failure.

REPAIRING DAMAGED INSULATION
Areas of condensation on the cabinet surface are an indication that the insulation is in need of repair.

If the insulation in need of repair is otherwise in good condition, the insulation should be cut in an X pattern, peeled open, glued with an appropriate all-purpose glue and placed back against the cabinet surface, being careful to not overly compress the insulation so the insulation can retain its original thickness. If such repair is not possible, replace the insulation. If using foil-faced insulation, any cut, tear, or separations in the insulation surface must be taped with a similar foil-faced tape.

![Figure 26. Repairing Insulation](image)

**WARNING**
Electric Shock Hazard. Can cause injury or death.
Foil-faced insulation has conductive characteristics similar to metal. Be sure there are no electrical connections within a ¼" of the insulation. If the foil-faced insulation comes in contact with electrical voltage, the foil could provide a path for current to pass through to the outer metal cabinet. While the current produced may not be enough to trip existing electrical safety devices (e.g. fuses or circuit breakers), the current can be enough to cause an electric shock hazard that could cause personal injury or death.

Homeowner Maintenance

**IMPORTANT**
Do not operate system without a filter. A filter is required to protect the coil, blower, and internal parts from excessive dirt and dust. The filter is placed in the return duct by the installer.

- Inspect air filters at least once a month and replace or clean as required. Dirty filters are the most common cause of inadequate heating or cooling performance.
- Replace disposable filters. Cleanable filters can be cleaned by soaking in mild detergent and rinsing with cold water.
- Install new/clean filters with the arrows on the side pointing in the direction of airflow. Do not replace a cleanable (high velocity) filter with a disposable (low velocity) filter unless return air system is properly sized for it.
- If water should start coming from the secondary drain line, a problem exists which should be investigated and corrected. Contact a qualified service technician.
Checkout Procedures

NOTE - Refer to outdoor unit installation instructions for system start-up instructions and refrigerant charging instructions.

PRE-START-UP CHECKS
- Is the air handler properly and securely installed?
- If horizontally configured, is the unit sloped up to 1/4 inch toward drain lines?
- Will the unit be accessible for servicing?
- Has an auxiliary pan been provided under the unit with separate drain for units installed above a finished ceiling or in any installation where condensate overflow could cause damage?
- Have ALL unused drain pan ports been properly plugged?
- Has the condensate line been properly sized, run, trapped, pitched, and tested?
- Is the duct system correctly sized, run, sealed, and insulated?
- Have all cabinet openings and wiring been sealed?
- Is the indoor coil factory-installed TXV properly sized for the outdoor unit being used?
- Have all unused parts and packaging been disposed of properly?
- Is the filter clean, in place, and of adequate size?
- Is the wiring neat, correct, and in accordance with the wiring diagram?
- Is the unit properly grounded and protected (fused)?
- Is the thermostat correctly wired and in a good location?
- Are all access panels in place and secure?

CHECK BLOWER OPERATION
- Set thermostat to FAN ON.
- The indoor blower should come on.

CHECK COOLING OPERATION
- Set thermostat to force a call for cooling (approximately 5°F lower than the indoor ambient temperature).
- The outdoor unit should come on immediately and the indoor blower should start between 30 - 60 seconds later.
- Check the airflow from a register to confirm that the system is moving cooled air.
- Set the thermostat 5°F higher than the indoor temperature. The indoor blower and outdoor unit should cycle off.

CHECK ELECTRIC HEATER (IF USED)
- Set thermostat to call for auxiliary heat (approximately 5°F above ambient temperature). The indoor blower and auxiliary heat should come on together. Allow a minimum of 3 minutes for all sequencers to cycle on.
- Set the thermostat so that it does not call for heat. Allow up to 5 minutes for all sequencers to cycle off.

Use of Air Handler During Construction
Lennox does not recommend the use of its air handler unit during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.
Air handler units may be used for heating (heat pumps) or cooling of buildings under construction, if the following conditions are met:
- A room thermostat must control the air handler. The use of fixed jumpers is not allowed.
- Air filter must be installed in the system and must be maintained during construction.
- Air filter must be replaced upon construction completion.
- The air handler evaporator coil, supply fan assembly and duct system must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up.
- All air handler operating conditions must be verified according to these installation instructions.
Figure 27. Start-Up and Performance Checklist (Upflow Configuration)
Figure 28. Start-Up and Performance Checklist (Horizontal Configuration)